The Massillon Independent.

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WASHINGTON NEWS

The Nicaragua Canal Bill Passed With But Little Opposition

COST OF CONSTRUCTION.

Democrats Will Delay the Ratification of the Peace Treaty Unless Objectionable Amendments are Added—It May Go Over to Another Session.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—The Senate today passed the Nicaragua canal bill, decided to make the anti-scalping bill unfinished business, and continued without completing the consideration of the Indian appropriation bill. A number of amendments were made to the Nicaragua canal bill. When the time came to call the roll on the question, it developed that there were only six votes in opposition to its final passage. The anti scalping bill was taken up by a vote of 33 to 21, but no effort was made to continue its consideration, but with the understanding that it was not to be brought up in opposition to the peace treaty or appropriation bills.

The Nicaragua canal bill, as passed, continues under the name of The Maritime Canal Company, and provides for the issuance of one million shares of stock at one hundred dollars each. The canal company is requested to call in all stock except that held by the Nicaraguan and Costa Rican governments, and also requested to redeem and cancel all bonds and script heretofore issued by the company, and to satisfy all cash liabilities. To enable the company to meet the requirements of the bill, treasury warrants to the amount of five million dollars are authorized, with the proviso that only so much of the amount shall be paid as is required to pay the actual cash value of rights, privileges, franchises and property held at time of payment, the value of the same to be determined by a commission to be appointed by the President.

The secretary of the treasury is authorized to subscribe for 925,000 shares of the company's stock, on behalf of the United States government. The present board of directors of the company are to resign, and in their stead another board, consisting of five members on behalf of the United States and one each on behalf of Nicaragua and Costa Rica, shall be appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate. No two of the members of this board shall be residents of any one state, and no one who has heretofore been interested in the company shall be appointed. Members of the board are also prohibited from participation in contracts on the canal. Each director will receive $5,000 per year, except the president of the board, whose salary shall be $6,000 per annum. All traveling expenses are to be paid.

There is a provision against declaring a dividend except on net earnings, and an annual report is required. The company is authorized to contract for the completion of the canal in six years. Payments are restricted to twenty million dollars annually, and this amount will be made a permanent appropriation, to be used as occasion may require. The canal must be constructed to allow of the passage of the "largest sea-going vessels," and at a cost not to exceed one hundred and fifteen million dollars.

The bill gives the government a lien upon the propery to secure the re-payment of moneys advanced, and the President is empowered to declare a forfeiture of the property to the United States without the necessity of judicial or other ascertainment. Thereafter the full title of the property rests in the United States, and the President is authorized to suspend payments at any time. The President is also authorized to secure any change or modification of the terms of the concession, either from the concessionaries or from the govrnments of Nicaragua and Costa Rica. In case of failure in such negotiations, the President is also empowered to negotiate for another route across the isthmus, and to open negotiations for abrogating the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, or any other treaty standing in the way of the construction of the canal. The neutrality of the waterway is guaranted, but the right to protect it against interruption of business between the Atlantic and Pacific coasts of the United States is reserved by this government.

Senator Davis, who is in charge of the peace treaty, told the opposition today that he would not at present consent to a vote upon the treaty, nor would he do so until he was satisfied that it would be ratified. The senator made this statement in response to representations made to him by a delegation authorized by the leaders of the opposition to confer with him, declaring that he did not accept the statement that there were sufficient votes to prevent ratification. He asked for a list of names of the opposing senators, and was given the names of thirty-six who would oppose the measure. Senator Davis was told that the defeat or postponement of the treaty could be prevented by agreeing to an amendment, or even to a resolution, declaring it not to be the purpose of the United States to maintain permanent sovereignty in the Philippine islands The senator refused to accede to the proposition, saying he would prefer to have the treaty go over to another session.

When his attention was called to the fact that an extra session of the entire Congress, as well as the Senate, would be necessary in order to appropriate the twenty million dollars made payable to Spain, the senator said it was not true, as the terms of the treaty did not require the payment of the money until after the exchange of ratification.

The opponents of the treaty also stated that there will be no objection to an extension of the law until June 30, 1900, which allows the regular army to consist of 62,000 men. This proposition will be placed upon the army appropriation bill as an amendment, for the purpose of preventing an extra session.

It is stated authoritatively that if the published reports of events at Apia are true, that the acts of the German consul, Rose, and the president of the municipal council Raffel, were not the result of instructions from the German government, and so far as these acts were in violation of the treaty of Berlin, it is not believed at the state department that they will receive the approval of their government. A dispatch from Berlin states on the authority of a prominent official, that the government has received a full report of the troubles at Samoa, and will promptly disavow any overt acts by its representative.

The navy department has given out the information that the Oregon is not going to Samoa, as reported, but will sail directly to Manila, after stopping at Honolulu for coal. The dispatch of the ocean going tug Iroquois from San Francisco for Honolulu was not inspired by a desire to change the Oregon's orders. The department arranged two months ago to put the Iroquois to use as a dispatch boat between San Francisco and Honolulu, pending the laying of the cable, and the opportunity to send dispatches to the commander of the Oregon was seized by the department.

The interstate commerce commission today authorized the statement that the widely copied report of an agreement between the commission and the presidents of the trunk lines about the modification of the present differential in east bound rates on grain and provisions to New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and other Atlantic ports is untrue. The commission is not and could not be party to any such agreement.

Secretary Hay had what will probably be the final conference with the Philippine Commission today and gave them full instructions on every point likely to arise. It is stated that Professors Schurman and Worcester will leave Washington next Tuesday, and Denby will follow to Manila as soon as he can terminate his duties with the war investigating commission. The commission will have no extreme powers as an advisory council, although two of the members, Admiral Dewey and General Otis, may carry out the policies laid down by the commission in their own single executive capacity as military and naval commanders.

The House committee on the census today finished its first reading of the census bill. All controverted points were passed over for the meeting next Tuesday. The census bureau will be entirely independent of the interior department.

By a formal order issued from the war department two army corps, the First and Fourth, are discontinued. The following changes will be made: Eight companies of the Third United States volunteer engineers, Seventh and Tenth volunteer infantry, and six companies of the Third Mississippi and Second Missouri, will constitute a separate brigade in the Second corps, under Brigadier General William McKee. The Second United States infantry, Third Alabama, Second Arkansas and Fourth Wisconsin will constitute a separate brigade, Second army corps, under Brigadier General Royal T. Frank. Brigadier General Geo. T. Randall is assigned to the Second division, Second army corps, department of the Gulf. Inspector General Breckinridge left here today to make an inspection of the military camps and garrisons in Cuba and Porto Rico.

AN ILLINOIS EARTHQUAKE.

Richview Somewhat Shaken by One Saturday Afternoon.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 21.—A special to the Post-Dispatch from Richview, Ill., says that an earthquake shock was felt there today at 1 o'clock. The vibrations continued seven minutes, and the shock was accompanied by a roaring noise.

GERMANS PLEASED.

The Trouble in Samoa was Expected by the Government.

IN HONOR OF BISMARCK.

Hundreds of Granite Monuments to be Erected—Reason Given for the Expulsion of the Danes from German Universities.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

BERLIN, Jan. 21.—In the reichstag today Herr Weimer, of the Freisinige party, said that he hoped that the National Liberals would join the Leftists in opposing the anti-strike bill announced in a speech from the throne. The speaker then referred to Emperor William's speech at Oeynhausen, in which he first intimated the introduction of the measure, but he only uttered the words "in Oeynhausen," when he was interrupted by President Ballestrem, who declared that he would not stop any member from referring to the speeches of the Emperor or other federal sovereigns, provided authentic versions of such speeches had come to the cognizance of the reichstag, as in the case of the speech from the throne, or if the text had been published in the Reichstneir, but added that reverence was due the emperor, and the dignity of the house did not admit of notice being taken of spoken authentic versions which had not been published.

Herr Weimer replied that he would willingly bow to the ruling of the president. He thought the Oeynhausen speech belonged to the category regarding which Count Podowsky-Wehner, minister of the interior, said he did not know any thing which had ever happened in the empire for which the imperial chancellor had not assumed the fullest responsibility.

In the lower house of the Prussian diet today, the minister of finance, Dr. Miquellas, referring to the Danish expulsions, said the government had not satisfactorily explained the antagonism to the Danes. He added that for many years the government had not interfered with the agitation, which was clearly directed against the union of North Schleswig to Prussia. Finally, the increased boldness of the agitation had compelled the government to take action and defend itself, though even under these circumstances it had treated all violations of the laws of right and justice with the utmost leniency.

Further particulars regarding the trouble at Samoa, received tonight, show that during the fighting an armed detachment from the British warship Porpoise had occupied the house of Chief Justice Chambers. Half a mile outside of Apia another detachment occupied the London mission station on the beach, where Malieto Tanus and his party sought refuge. Tamaze and his party were sheltered under the guns of the Porpoise. The fugitives were compelled to surrender their arms, and those who failed to reach the British detachments were captured by the followers of Mataafa on the peninsula of Milnu, near Apia. Mataafa did not take part in the fighting, and the German warship in those waters held aloof from all the trouble.

The news from Samoa has not caused much surprise here, as it was foreseen long ago that trouble would break out. The tri-party agent has always been considered a most peculiar diplomat, and is blamed for creating the unsettled situation, although the election dispute precipitated hostilities. The German government is not particularly annoyed because matters have come to a crisis, as it gives Germany an opportunity for re-opening the Samoan question with a view to establishing order on a permanent basis.

The plan adopted by the German universities to perpetuate the memory of Prince Bismark by the erection of columns is now approaching realization. A considerable fund has been collected, and a committee appointed to carry out the details. The columns will be high, massive granite pillars, surmounted by urns in which beacon fires will be burned on the anniversary of the Prince's birthday until the end of time. Prince Herbert Bismark has signified, in appreciative terms, his acceptance of the contemplated honor to his father's memory. In addition to twenty-seven universities pledged to erect as many columns, two hundred cities and towns will join in the movement. A meeting was held at Leipsic, January 19, to consider plans for establishing an institution for the preservation of Prince Bismark's memory.

Severe weather is reported throughout Germany, high winds causing much damage. Very disquieting reports come from the river Rhine and its affluents. A dam near Mayence washed away while a freight train was traversing it, and an engine and six cars disappeared in the flood—fortunately without loss of life.

A Berlin official journal says: "The German press has lately repeatedly discussed the relations between the German and American naval officers in the Pacific. From reports recently received here we state positively that these relations are not only free from tension, but on the contrary the intercourse between the officers are of a social and cordial character, as demonstrated by invitations, visits and other friendly attentions which are exchanged. The attitude of the German naval officers has always been correct."

GROWING BOLDER.

Filippino Officer Nearly Precipitates a Fight.

The Commander Apologizes for His Subordinate's Lack of Judgment, and all is Quiet Once More.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

MANILA, Jan. 21.—The Americans and Filippinos were probably nearer a conflict this afternoon than at any time since the occupation of the city, but fortunately the affair was amicably settled. A Filippino lieutenant, imagining that his men had been insulted, marched a company up to the picket line in front of the Montana regiment, and the sentries, in obedience to orders, fell back to the out post, to avoid trouble. The Filippinos paid no heed to the command to halt, but advanced quite a distance, deployed in a cane brake and assumed a determined and threatening attitude. Lieutenant Jansen, in command of the post, immediately telegraphed to brigade headquarters, and General Otis personally investigated the matter. The captain of the Filippinos, who was greatly excited, was summoned, and admitted that his lieutenant had exceeded his authority. His men were drawn up in line and saluted the American flag, and after an exchange of courtesies they retired. The incident shows the tendency of the Filippinos, as regards the American pickets, knowing that they are unwilling to commence hostilities, and also demonstrates the dangers liable to occur through a lack of discipline and ignorance of the junior officers in the Filippino army.

President Lopez, of the Visayan federation, has replied to President McKinley's proclamation of the 9th. He claims that the revolutionary government antedates the Paris treaty by two years, and declares he has never been officially notified of the treaty. He declines to recognize American authority, and refuses to allow Americans to disembark in force without express orders from Malolos, the seat of the revolutionary government.

WRECKED IN NIAGARA RIVER.

Narrow Escape of the Crew and Fifteen Passengers.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

BUFFALO, Jan. 21—In a huge ice floe the Canadian ferry boat Niagara was swept down the Niagara river tonight and dismantled by a collision with the international bridge. The boat plies between this city, Erie and Ontario, on her last trip having on board fifteen passengers, six of whom were women and two children, and a crew of four men. The river was full of floating ice from Lake Erie, and the boat became imbedded in a great field, the engines were powerless, and the ice field carried the boat with it, in imminent danger of being dashed against the pier of the bridge. Since river navigation closed the draws of the bridge were not in operation, and the current swept the boat between the spans of the iron girders of the bridge, raked her clean of the second deck, smoke stack, pilot house and hurricane deck. The passengers and crew were below deck and escaped injury. The Niagara broke free from the floe, drifted into clear water, and was rushed to the American shore.

CRAZED BY GRIEF.

A Toledo Woman Kills Herself After Trying to Kill Her Children.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

TOLEDO, Jan. 21—Mrs. S. J. McCollough, the wife of a well known man of this city, committed suicide tonight, after attempting to kill her family of three children. The woman was undoubtedly insane. Four of the children were taken violently ill today, having eaten diseased meat. One child died this afternoon, and the mother attempted to give the other children carbolic acid. She was prevented, but slipped away and was found later dead, having taken prison herself.

THE SCALE ADOPTED

There Will be No Strike in at Least Three States.

ILLINOIS MAY WITHDRAW.

The Scale for Bituminous Coal Miners in Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana Satisfactorily Adjusted.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

PITTSBURG, Jan 21.—There will be no strike of the bituminous coal miners of Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana during the present year. It is stated tonight on the most reliable authority that the scale committee will report on Monday conditions which will be perfectly satisfactory to the miners of the three states named. The Illinois miners are the only ones opposed to the report, which calls for a mining rate of sixty-six cents per ton, double standard system as to run-of-mine and screens, and eight hours for a day's work. The interstate convention will, on Monday, adopt the report of the scale committee as here given. Should Illinois not be satisfied, she will have either to endure it or secede from the interstate agreement The only other contention of the Illinois people is the standard for basing wages.

NATURAL GAS COMBINE.

Seventeen Companies Absorbed, with a Capital of $60,000,000.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 21.—A new company was incorporated today under the laws of New Jersey, with the name "Central Union Gas Company." The capitalization is $60,000,000, half common stock and half preferred, preferred being entitled to seven per cent. cumulative dividends. Ten millions, half common and half preferred, are retained in the treasury for improvements and extensions. There are seventeen constituent companies. Eleven have already consented to the consolidation plan to the extent of every share, and a majority of the shareholders of the other six companies have agreed to the terms proposed. The companies absorbed are the Indianapolis Gas Company, Indiana Natural Gas and Illuminating Gas Company, Fort Wayne Gas Company, Logansport and Wabash Valley Gas Company, Lafayette Gas Company, Ohio and Indiana Gas Company, Dayton Gas Company, Tippecanoe City Gas Company, Covington Gas Company, New Weston Gas Company, Piqua Gas Company, Troy Gas Company, Springfield Gas Company, Urbana Gas Company, South Charleston Gas Company and the Mount Sterling Gas Company.

AN OHIO LYNCHING PARTY.

A Crowd of Two Hundred Try to Lynch a Man at Zanesville.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

ZANESVILLE, Jan. 21.—E. S. Wright, under arrest on a charge of assaulting Sylvia Taylor, of Bridgeville, was arranged in justice's court this afternoon and bound over. While the hearing was in progress, a crowd of two hundred and fifty men gathered in the neighborhood of the court room and threats of lynching were freely made. The prisoner was slipped out of a rear door to escape the crowd, but was detected and quickly followed. Four officers with drawn revolvers surrounded Wright and finally landed him safely back in jail. It is feared there will yet be serious trouble.

BRICK LAYERS MEET.

The Eight Hour Day the Principal Question Discussed.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

HARTFORD, Conn., Jan. 21.—The annual convention of the International Brick Layers' Union adjourned today. The question of an eight hour work day was referred to the executive committee for final adjustment. The committee has been advised that all subordinate unions will look with approval upon such a working day, and the committee will report to the unions as soon as a decision is reached. The next meeting will be held in Rochester, N. Y.

MORE HONORS FOR KITCHENER

The Khedive Signs a Decree Making Him Governor of Soudan.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

CAIRO, Jan. 21—A decree has been signed by the khedive appointing General Kitchener governor general of Soudan.

LOOKS BAD FOR GRANT.

Damaging Testimony at Today's Investigation.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Jan. 21.—But one vote was taken for United States senator today, and it resulted the same as yesterday. Alden Anderson was the first witness before the investigating committee today. He stated that when Attorney Benjamin, Grant's agent, offered witness money with which to make his fight, he believed there was an implied understanding that the witness was to vote for U. S. Grant, jr., for United States senator. C. E Washburn testified that an assemblyman told him that $5,000 had been offered Mobler to give Bulla his second choice vote. The offer had been made by James Copeland. Assemblyman Clough testified that Dan Cole had written him, after his nomination, that if he was a friend of U. S. Grant he could have all the money he required to conduct his canvass. The letter stated that fully fifty per cent of the members were pledged to Grant, and that he would probably be elected.

IN WALL STREET.

Saturday's Session One of Great Activity in Stocks and Bonds.

The Average Prices Higher Than in Years, and the Volume of Trade for Saturday Surpasses All Previous Records.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 21—The stock market today was exceptionally active, and remarkable advances were made in many shares, extreme gains being in investment issues. The average prices were higher than in years, and the volume of trading in both stocks and bonds was the largest ever experienced on Saturday. Had the two-hour session been extended to five hours, as on other days, and had the same ratio continued, there would have been $14,000,000 in bonds and $1,900,000 in stocks. Investors are weary of waiting for a substantial reaction, and seemed panic stricken to place their money. All the Vanderbilt shares made sharp advances. The street, judging by the course of the market, gave credence to reports in circulation, but nothing authoritative was given out concerning the plans involving a closer relation between the New York Central, Chicago & Northwestern and the Union Pacific, although an unnamed director of the latter was quoted as making a denial so far as his company was concerned. The New York Central made an extreme advance of 3¼, Union Pacific of 2½ common and 3½ preferred, and the Northwestern 5½. There was heavy realizing during the advance in Vanderbilts, but all offerings were readily taken.

Commission orders were large, some floor brokers having more than they could attend to, and were obliged to refuse orders. The fractional declines which occurred were due to suspicions that the prices were bid up in the interest of sellers. The appearance of the bank statement, assuring as it did an abundance of money, exerted a strong influence and caused a renewal of confident purchases. The closing was strong, but at recessions from the best figures.

The more important gains of the day, outside of the Vanderbilts, Union Pacific and Atchison, were Great Northern preferred, Louisville & Nashville and Terre Haute. National Biscuit common closed at a loss of three-fourths, after a previous advance of five and three-fourths. Railroad bonds exhibited a marked strength, embracing gilt-edged as well as usually neglected issues. A material improvement in high-grade stocks prompted extensive trading in bonds where opportunities for enhancement in values seemed favorable.

DID THE SAME WITH BARNATO

Cecil Rhodes the Biggest Man in Great Britain.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

LONDON, Jan. 21.—Great Britain seems to shake to its foundations whenever Cecil Rhodes steps on the island, and he is the biggest man in the kingdom today. Peers, cabinet ministers, promoters with Munchausen schemes, duchesses craving for tips on "Kaffirs" or South African securities, workmen who cherish hopes of emigration and bishops solicitous for African souls, all haunt his hotel and beg for even the briefest interviews, as though he already realized their aspirations. The popular mind credits him with being the potentate of the African continent. The cabinet met yesterday, especially to discuss Rhodes's scheme for government guarantees of a good route for the Cape of Good Hope to Cairo railway and telegraph.

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MONDAY, JANUARY 23, 1899.

It is not likely that American sailors who took part in the war with Spain will have to wait twenty-two years, as did the officers and sailors of Admiral Farragut's fleet, for the prize money due them. Farragut's crew, or their heirs, did not get the $143,544 due them as bounty for the destruction of Confederate war vessels at the capture of New Orleans in 1862, until many of the gallant men who earned it had died of old age, wounds or disease.

Sir Walter Raleigh laid down the maxim "Whosoever commands the sea commands the trade, whosoever commands the trade of the world commands the riches of the world, and consequently the world itself." Raleigh's maxim has directed British policy for 250 years. Cromwell was convinced of its importance when he sanctioned the navigation laws, which were at first simply that "no goods should be imported into England, or exported abroad, except in vessels belonging to British owners, built by British builders." An English historian has made this record:

"The result of that act far transcending the wildest dream of of Lombard and Venetian avarice, or the grandest schemes of Spanish and Portuguese conquest. It not only secured to the people who enacted it the greatest share of the world's carrying trade, but the trade also knew its master, and followed with becoming servility."

That the inhabitants of the United States are a race of quinine eaters is a fact deduced by the Scientific American from official figures of the treasury department, showing that last year there were imported into this country 1,539,056,750 grains of quinine. This means a consumption of something like twenty grains for every man, woman and child. The war with Spain was of course largely accountable for the increased importation of the drug, as it is estimated that over 125,000,000 grains were issued to American soldiers suffering with fever. Although such doses as prevailed in Cuba, and Porto Rico are seldom taken in the states, there are few people who do not at some time during the year take quinine in some form or other, and as the price of the drug has of late years steadily decreased, there will probably be no falling off in the record of Americans, who now consume one-third of the quinine of the world.

It is probable that the chances for the ratification of the treaty of peace are being strengthened rather than weakened by the present delay while the Nicaraguan canal bill and the appropriation bills are being considered, as it affords time for public opinion to be brought to bear in favor of such action by Congress as will appropriately mark the close of the war so gloriously won Public opinion should set itself strongly against an amendment providing against interference with the Filippino government and against the passage of any declaration of purpose prior to the ratification of the treaty. As Senator Grey has wisely said "We cannot afford to commit this country yet. We do not yet know what we may want to do about the islands We do not even know whether they are capable of self government." When the treaty has been ratified there will be time enough to consider what the future policy of the government should or should not be with regard to the Philippines.

For the reason that it has been the custom of the United States to forbid foreign ships to engage in the domestic carrying trade, it is unlawful for a foreign ship to carry a cargo from one port of this country to another. This reservation of the domestic carrying trade exclusively for American ships has been the one thing which has kept American shipyards in existence and continued to justify the nation in its claim to be considered a maritime power. Were it not for our vast stretches of seacoast, our long rivers capable of bearing an enormous commerce and a great shipping, the shipbuilding art would have become utterly extinct in the United States beyond a doubt. If, now, our coastwise navigation laws, or rather the laws which exclude foreign ships from participation in our domestic trade, are extended by Congress to our new territorial possessions, as suggested in President McKinley's message, this trade, which has previously been open to the competition of foreign shipping, will create a large demand for American vessels and will be another step toward the re-establishment of the American merchant marine

Ordinary household accidents have no terrors when there's a bottle of Dr Thomas' Eclectric Oil in the medicine chest. Instant relief.

TURNED TOWARD THE WALL.

The Song of the Slot Machine is Heard No More.

Very few owners or lessees of nickel-in the slot machines have taken them from their places of business They have merely turned their fronts toward the wall. There is no playing whatever done, however, for the mayor's recent order is yet ringing in the saloonkeepers' ears The cent-in-the-slot machines are still in operation

MRS. GEORGE INDICTED.

Must Now Answer to the Charge of First Degree Murder.

GRAND JURY'S PARTIAL REPORT.

Judge Taylor Receives It at 1:30 O'clock—A Surprise to Professional Men of he County—Other Items of Importance From Canton.

CANTON, Jan. 19.—The grand jury reported an indictment for murder in the first degree against Anna C. George at 1:30 o'clock this afternoon. The report was a partial one and was made to Judge Taylor today because he wished to adjourn court for the week and leave for Carrollton, his home The jury will make its final report Friday afternoon to Judge McCarty. Mrs. George is charged with the murder of George D. Saxton, of Canton, on the night of October 7, 1898. A woman in black was seen to approach Mr Saxton, who was about to enter a residence on Lincoln avenue, fire three shots into his body and then flee. She was not recognized, but because of threats and a previous attempt to shoot Mr. Saxton made by Mrs. George, the latter was arrested. The evidence against her is purely circumstantial so far as is yet known, and the impression prevailed among professional men that she would not be indicted.

NEWS FROM NEARBY TOWNS.

NEWS FROM CRYSTAL SPRING.

CRYSTAL SPRING, Jan. 21.—The pupils in the advanced department were given a vacation Friday afternoon to visit the Forty Corner school.

The Tuscarawas river has receded and is again at its normal size. As a result no more water remains on the road and people find it more convenient to reach Canal Fulton.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Leonard attended the funeral of Andrew Smith, at Massillon, last Wednesday.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Peter Kopper, a daughter.

Frank Snyder, for a number of years engineer at the brewery, resigned his position to accept a like job with Armour & Company, of Chicago.

Our young people are enjoying excellent skating on the brewery reservoir The ice is about four inches thick and smooth as it can be.

Lee Wilson has again been restored to health, after suffering with the grip.

The mines in this vicinity were operated much steadier this week than the week preceding.

H. Meiner went to Akron on business Saturday.

On account of the sickness of the teacher, Miss Estella McMillan, of Massillon, the Bridgeport school has been closed.

S. P. Moore, of the Home Insurance Company, was in town on Friday.

The Jr. O. U. A. M, of Jackson township, will give an entertainment in the town hall on Friday and Saturday nights.

MASSILLON THE EXCEPTION.

Postmasters and Mayors of Other Towns in Poor Health.

The grip and other diseases have taken down many of the postmasters and mayors of western Stark county, but Massillon's are not among the number Mayor Wise and Postmaster Shepley are in perfect health, and spend all of each day at their desks.

DALTON, Jan. 21.—Postmaster H. B. Jameson, who has been seriously ill with the grip for some time past, was able to come down to his office yesterday.

NAVARRE, Jan. 21.—The grip has carried Postmaster Thomas into confinement. Mrs. Thomas and Miss Maria Thomas are looking after the office during his absence.

RICHVILLE, Jan. 21.—There is no change for the better in the condition of Postmaster Wilcox. The infirmities of old age have laid hold of him. Mrs. Wilcox is also seriously ill. Miss Retta Foltz has been sworn in as deputy, and will have charge of the office at all times when Mr. Wilcox is unable to attend to the work.

CANAL FULTON, Jan. 21.—Mayor McCadden is recovering from an attack of grip. Postmaster Yockey is also in poor health, but is able to be at his post today.

What Do the Children Drink?

Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called Grain O? It is delicious and nourishing and takes the place of coffee. The more Grain-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems Grain-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee but costs about ¼ as much. All grocers sell it. 15c and 25c

Horrible agony is caused by piles burns and skin diseases. These are immediately relieved and quickly cured by De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve. Beware of worthless imitations. Rider & Snyder.

Wright's Celery Tea regulates the liver and kidneys, cures constipation and sick headache. 25c at all druggists.

IN OLD SARAGOSSA.

Interesting Adventures in the Former Capital of Aragon

BITS OF ANCIENT HISTORY.

Contrasts with the Soft Landscapes of Catalonia—A Pittsburg Base Burner Fails to Impart Needed Warmth.

MARSEILLES, Dec. 28.—Saragossa, or Zaragoza, as the Spanish spell it, was founded by Noah's grandson, Tubal, in the year 242 *post diluvium*, and has claimed a place on the map from that day to this, in spite of war, pestilence and famine, and having filled whole volumes of romantic history, bases its present most potent claim to greatness on the fact that it is the diverging point of four railroads. How have the mighty fallen!

When we reached Saragossa, after a tedious journey of twelve hours, the blessings of the United States of America seemed ten thousand miles removed, if not simply an irridescent dream Nothing could exceed the contrast between the soft landscapes of Catalonia and the barren wastes of Aragon and Navarre, rough and mountainous tracts, so bare and parched that it is even said to be "easier for the people to mix their mortar with wine than with water," as also the abiding place of "exclusiveness, bigotry and poverty." Nothing could have been muddier, damper and more chilly than the town of Saragossa on the eve of the day set apart for Americans to return thanks to the Almighty for benefits received. Furthermore, Saragossa was *en fete*, which means, in this connection, that all the good rooms in "The Hotel of the Four Nations and of the Universe" had been preempted by delegates to a national convention of chambers of commerce, which has since devised rules for the hoped-for regeneration of the country. However, there was nothing to do but settle down to the best that the old town afforded and await with cheerful resignation the next train to Madrid, which, in spite of the four railroads, was twenty-four hours in the future.

We had been told all along the route that Saragossa would be as cold as we found it, but that there would be compensations in the way of fires. Those fires were as delusive as all the other fires of Spain, save and except those of the imagination. The dining room of "The Hotel of the Four Nations and the Universe" was decorated by a stove pipe that wandered aimlessly through its interior, but to use Mr. Folger's favorite quotation, it was as "cold as charity" The only other evidence of human cheer was still more unmistakably American, having the legend "Made at Pittsburg" cast into its rusty bottom, but it also was cold and fireless. Still that played-out Pittsburg base burner holding its own amid the decayed grandeur of the Audiencia had the aspect of an old friend, and I approached it with interest and respect. The "Senora," who was piloting us about had been exhibiting remains of dead and gone centuries, so pointing to the stove I inquired whether that also was an antique She replied that on the contrary it was quite new—an invention of the Americanos, and as I had just then discovered that the judges of Saragossa, like the priests of Seville, were using sand in a pepper-pot instead of blotting paper, it seemed quite probable that a base burner might still be something "quite new"—in Saragossa,

We felt ourselves to be even newer than the base burner in Saragossa. In fact the degree of interest which our presence aroused made us feel rather uncomfortable, until our landlord explained that there had been no tourists there for months, and that none were expected, the war having all but killed pleasure travelling in Spain, I suppose, too, that American clothes may have aroused as much natural curiosity in Saragossa as would the costume of an Aragon peasant should it appear unannounced on the streets of Massillon. These peasant costumes are extremely picturesque, consisting, for the men, of short black velvet breeches, open at the knees, slashed at the sides, adorned with many buttons and showing white drawers below The stockings and hemp sandals are black. The body is covered with a tight fitting black velvet jacket with slashed and many buttoned sleeves, and around the waist goes a broad gay sash, the folds of which serve for pockets. The head gear is a narrow silk handkerchief, which is tied so as to leave the top of the head exposed. To this add the mantle or shawl worn in cold weather, and the costume is complete. The people of the town lean more to conventional European garments, but fail, as do most Spaniards, in shaking off all of the local color, as they always retain the national cape and a hat the like of which can only be seen in Spain. The country peasant costumes are numerous, and the soldiers wear bright green gloves.

The people of Aragon, of which Saragossa was the former capital, boast of purer Iberian blood than flows elsewhere on the peninsula Everywhere else other races have to some extent filtered through and modified race characteristics, but the Aragonese seem to spring from their soil, and are gloomy, silent and pessimistic. The church nowhere else is so strong. Everybody is fully convinced that here the Virgin Mary did appear to St. James when the latter was making his missionary journey through Spain, and the sacred pillar of alabaster on which she stood, and around which has been built one of the two cathedrals of Saragossa, is constantly surrounded by devotees. The most prosperous industry of the city is the manufacture of images of the "Virgin of the Pillar," which are offered for sale in every form and of every conceivable material. Every house and hut in Aragon contains one or more of these images, and every stranger feels in duty bound to buy one. So profound is the faith of the Aragonese that during the famous siege of 1808 the "Virgin of the Pillar" was named captain-general for the defenders, the real directors of the contest accepting more modest titles and assuming to act under orders from their chief.

The "defense of Saragossa" will always live as one of the heroic events in the history of the world. The people had been inspired to rise against the French in 1808 by events at Madrid, and with a handful of men, a few old muskets and sixteen cannon made face against Marshal Lefebvre and 18,000 troops. The siege began in earnest on December 21, 1808, and continued until February 20, 1809. Even after the lines of defense had been penetrated each house had to be captured separately and this street fighting lasted for three weeks The defense was sustained largely by religious excitement, the priests themselves fighting as well as praying. M. Thiers in his history says that every house became a fortress and the people frenzied with ecstatic patriotism; that a watchman caused the bells of Torre Neuva (new tower) to be rung whenever he observed that a gun was about to be fired, and that "at that funereal sound dancers and singers would cease in the Coso, the people kneel, crossing themselves, and the explosion over, resume their sublime folly or take the places of those who had fallen." It was on this occasion that Augustina, a pretty girl of 22, "the Maid of Saragossa," fought by her lover's side, and when he fell mortally wounded by the side of his cannon, took his place, thus winning the immortality given her by Byron in "Childe Harold."

A considerable portion of the town, which now claims 70,000 inhabitants, is new, modern and elegant, but the real objects of interest are found in narrow by-ways in the old quarter. Among these objects are forty churches and two cathedrals. Some of these are of recent date and the cathedral of La Seo has existed since 290. It was turned by the Berbers into a mosque and then again reverting to the Christians was restored to its original functions. It accumulated into its present superb proportions slowly through the so-called "ages of faith," as the tax payers of those dead and gone centuries entered with modern enthusiasm into efforts to elude the priestly collectors. With the assistance of taxes on food, land revenue, anathemas against those who resisted payment, supplemented by conscience pricks from the Pope, the existing structure was completed, and has stood in a practically unchanged form since 1313. The other cathedral of the Virgin del Pilar and the many churches illustrate almost every phase of ecclesiastical architecture, and together with some other sights and the halo of history which envelops the whole city, afford very reasonable grounds for wanting to visit it.

It suited us very well, however, when the hour struck for leaving Saragossa, even though we had to spend an entire night in a railway carriage that jolted along towards Madrid at the rate of fifteen miles an hour. The journey was highly favored inasmuch as the car was heated by a can of hot water, and occupied only by a Spanish gentleman, who, with the courtesy so often exhibited by his race, insisted upon dividing the pillows he had brought along for his own comfort.

To Americans, accustomed to finding upon express trains all the conveniences and many of the luxuries of first class hotels, the Spanish "correos" offer many surprises. These "correos" or express trains are made up of cars of all sizes, shapes and ages. Usually the car is divided into three compartments, as on the continent generally, but the construction is poor, and absolutely nothing good can be said for them. Very often at the large cities the use of pillows can be hired for one peseta for night trains. That is about as near to sleeping car comfort as we can get in Spain. The only real sleeping cars run once a week from Paris to Gibraltar via Madrid, and three times a week from Madrid to Lisbon. These sleeping cars are called "wagon-lits," and are not bad, though entirely incomparable to American Pullman cars. The "wagon-lit" is half as long as an American drawing room car, has a narrow corridor along one side, and four compartments on the other. The privilege of running these cars is controlled by a company much more disposed to own the earth and the fullness thereof than the Pullman Company, as the same corporation not only has cars on most European railway systems, but also owns hotels at Nice, Constantinople, Cairo, Lisbon, Ostend, Brindisi and several other places The hotels are the best in their respective localities. I mention this as something worth knowing when an American statesman comes along to express the idea that the only monopolies worth mentioning are somehow peculiar to the United States

From Saragossa, as I said before, we went to Madrid, one of the most attractive capitals of the world—but that is another story. R. P. S

NEWS FROM CANTON.

Important Happenings in and About the Court House.

COLLATERAL INHERITANCE TAX.

The Massillon Public Library Compelled to Pay it on the Harsh Bequest—Judge McCarty Grants Another Divorce—The Court Assignment.

CANTON, Jan. 20.—According to an entry made in probate court a certificate has been granted, subject to collateral inheritance tax, in the estate of the late George Harsh, of Massillon. This settles a question that has been pending for some time in reference to a bequest of $10,000 to the city of Massillon for public library purposes. An Ohio statute provides an inheritance tax of 5 per cent to be assessed on all money received by any person or association, not being a direct heir of the deceased: In passing on the question Judge Wise declared that the law allowed no exception and that the $500 tax must be paid before the estate can be settled. As the bequest was made for public benefit citizens of Massillon urged that the library association not be held responsible for the tax.

Michael Reamer, watchman at the Whitman-Barnes Company's plant, was arrested Thursday night by Sheriff Zaiser, charged with being implicated in the crime for which Robert Gibson, colored, was arrested Tuesday. Several small girls who are wanted as witnesses have been hidden away by their parents, but two have been located at Justus.

Judge McCarty granted a divorce this morning in the case of Flora M. Morgan vs. Lewis Morgan, of Canton. Willful abandonment was the charge preferred. The case of Kate Ploesser vs. William Ploesser has been passed. Judge Taylor will announce his decision in the case of June Ball vs. Harry Ball, of Canton, on Monday.

Harry M. Schuffell, elected by the Republicans of Stark county last fall as coroner, assumed the duties of that office today. Mr. Schuffell's action was prompted by the decision of the supreme court in declaring the law unconstitutional which gives the county commissioners power to appoint a person to succeed the retiring coroner or to permit the latter to remain in office until the coroner-elect has been qualified. Coroner McQuate's term expired on January 2.

A new safe has been placed in the county treasurer's office, which will give the much needed protection to county funds. The old safe has been unreliable for some time, and it has just developed that several attempts have been made to rob the treasurer's office during the past few months In each case the night watchman thwarted the efforts. As no arrests were made, no mention was made of the matter, but a watchman has been kept in the corridor of the court house and another in the treasurer's office.

There are 244 saloons in Stark county, a decrease of three since the July report of the county auditor. The January report shows that the net collection under the Dow law amounted to $41,684.39, which was divided as follows. State, $12,490 92. poor, $9,303 82 Canton, $10,019.19; Massillon, $4,770 59; Alliance, $2,306 06; Canal Fulton, $507.66, Navarre, $507.66; Louisville, $338 42. Beach City, $169.09. Osnaburg, $253.84; Magnolia, $11.73; Waynesburg, $169.22, county, $836.28.

CANTON, Jan. 21.—The grand jury reported to Judge McCarty at 4 o'clock Friday afternoon. Seven indictments were returned, making in all fourteen bills found during this session. But one of the indictments returned Friday was given out for publication, however, being the case of Ohio vs. W. H. Cummins, of Canton, for burglary and larceny. Since the report was made Thomas McLaughlin and Michael Cavanaugh were apprehended. Each was indicted for keeping his saloon open on Sunday. Both appeared in court this morning and gave bond. Warrants are now in the hands of the sheriff for the others indicted and arrests will follow.

The defense has filed a motion for a new trial in the case of the Canton-Massillon Electric Railway Company vs The Travelers Insurance Company, of Hartford, Conn. The defendants claim the judgment was contrary to the evidence submitted.

Mary E. Winters, of Canton, has applied for a divorce from John S. Winters, claiming willful absence for more than three years. They have three children, aged 23, 21 and 18, and were married in 1874.

Edwin A. Beeson has begun suit against the Pennsylvania Railway Company to recover damages amounting to $2 000. The petition was filed by J. W. Craine, of Alliance, and relates that on January 6, 1899, the defendant entered the Pennsylvania station at Alliance for the purpose of purchasing a ticket to Louisville, and was forcibly and without provocation ejected by Charles Sidel and Joseph Wier, servants of the company.

A man must reap as he sows. If he sows ill-health he will reap ill-health. If he neglects his health the weeds of disease will grow up and choke it.

It is a daily and hourly marvel that men will recklessly neglect their health, when a moment's thought should tell them that they are courting death. It lies in most every man's power to live to a green old age. If a man would only take the same care of himself that he does of his horse, or cow, or dog, he would enjoy good health. When a man owns a hundred-dollar horse, and it gets sick, he does not waste any time about doctoring him up. When his garden gets full of weeds, he doesn't delay about rooting them out, for he knows they will choke out his vegetables. When he is out of sorts, sick, nervous, headachey, has no appetite and is restless and sleepless at night, he pays little attention to it. The result is consumption, nervous prostration or some serious blood or skin disease. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is the best of all medicines for hard working men. It gives edge to the appetite, facilitates the flow of digestive juices, invigorates the liver and purifies and enriches the blood. It is the great blood-maker and flesh-builder. It cures 98 per cent of all cases of lingering coughs, bronchial and throat affections, weak lungs, bleeding from lungs and kindred affections. Do not wait until the lungs are too far wasted to admit of being cured.

"As you know five years ago the doctors had given me up to die with consumption," writes Mr. E G McKinney of Deepwater, Fayette Co., W Va. "I took treatment from Dr R V Pierce, and am entirely well now I had taken steadily, as directed, his Golden Medical Discovery."

Dr Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation One little "Pellet" is a dose.

WINE OF CARDUI

For Mothers!

The discomforts and dangers of child-birth can be almost entirely avoided. Wine of Cardui relieves expectant mothers. It gives tone to the genital organs, and puts them in condition to do their work perfectly. That makes pregnancy less painful, shortens labor and hastens recovery after child-birth. It helps a woman bear strong healthy children.

McELREE'S Wine of Cardui

has also brought happiness to thousands of homes barren for years. A few doses often brings joy to loving hearts that long for a darling baby. No woman should neglect to try it for this trouble. It cures nine cases out of ten. All druggists sell Wine of Cardui. $1.00 per bottle.

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, the "Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

Mrs. LOUISA HALE, of Jefferson, Ga., says: "When I first took Wine of Cardui we had been married three years, but could not have any children. Nine months later I had a fine girl baby."

WINE OF CARDUI

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DRS. K. & K.

The Leading Specialists of America
20 YEARS IN OHIO.
250,000 CURED.

WE CURE EMISSIONS

Nothing can be more demoralizing to young or middle aged men than the presence of these "nightly losses." They produce weakness, nervousness, a feeling of disgust and a whole train of symptoms. They unfit a man for business, married life and social happiness. No matter whether caused by evil habits in youth, natural weakness or sexual excesses, our New Method Treatment will positively cure you.

NO CURE-NO PAY

Reader, you need help. Early abuse or later excesses may have weakened you. Exposure may have diseased you. You are not safe till cured. Our New Method will cure you. You run no risk.

250,000 CURED

Young Man—You are pale, feeble and haggard; nervous, irritable and excitable. You become forgetful, morose, and despondent; blotches and pimples, sunken eyes, wrinkled face, stooping form and downcast countenance reveal the blight of your existence.

WE CURE VARICOCELE

No matter how serious your case may be, or how long you may have had it, our NEW METHOD TREATMENT will cure it. The "wormy veins" return to their normal condition and hence the sexual organs receive proper nourishment. The organs become vitalized, all unnatural drains or losses cease and manly powers return. No temporary benefit, but a permanent cure assured. NO CURE, NO PAY. NO OPERATION NECESSARY. NO DETENTION FROM BUSINESS.

CURES GUARANTEED

We treat and cure SYPHILIS, GLEET, EMISSIONS, IMPOTENCY, STRICTURE, VARICOCELE, SEMINAL LOSSES, BLADDER AND KIDNEY diseases. CONSULTATION FREE. BOOKS FREE. CHARGES MODERATE. If unable to call, write for a QUESTION BLANK for HOME TREATMENT

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THE SCHOOLS AND LIBRARY

Various Changes Made this Year Which Have Proved Satisfactory —Interest in the Piano Contest —Music in the Schools.

It is expected that the present term of the Massillon public schools will be in many ways more profitable than the one previous, as during the first four months of the school year there was much unavoidable absence on account of sickness, quarantine and fear of contagious diseases which were prevalent during the whole of that time. Present conditions are much more favorable for both teachers and pupils, and work seems to be progressing satisfactorily in all departments. The vertical style of penmanship, which was adopted this year, has been thoroughly tested and found to be more easily acquired by the average child than the slant writing heretofore taught in the Massilion schools. Legibility and neatness are the leading characteristics of the new penmanship which is now used altogether in the first four grades. Older scholars have not been required to make the change. Another change made this year which has proved satisfactory is the use of White's arithmetic in place of Wentworth's. The former text book contains more mental exercise and is of a practical character better suited to the several grades where it is now in use.

About one-third of the pupils in the high school are studying Latin this year. The acquisition of the language is not obligatory, but is usually urged upon the pupils as one of the best disciplinary studies, besides throwing light on the English language. The study is also necessary for those who expect to enter college, and by some is held to be the most valuable preparation for a business or professional career. Latin pupils in the Massillon high school use the Roman pronunciation, and during the three years' course read the "Beginners' Latin Reader," the first four books of Cæsar, six orations of Cicero and two books of Virgil.

Much interest is being taken in THE INDEPENDENT's piano contest, and the pupils and teachers of the various schools are making great efforts to secure votes in favor of their several buildings A rumor has gone out to the effect that if the piano is secured by the North street building, the old instrument now standing in the high school hall will be given to the East street school. As the latter is rather antiquated in make and tone, East street pupils can hardly be blamed for continuing their efforts toward winning the prize offered by The Independent Company. The principles of music are taught in the Massillon public schools by Professor L. W. Graves, who visits each room once a week, and during the school course every pupil has an opportunity of learning to read notes at sight. The system used is that of Luther Whiting Mason, called the national system. The importance of this branch in school training is apt to be overlooked. Not only is it of great value to the pupils on account of its possibilities in the way of physical development, but the acquirement of sight reading is a species of mental training, teaching concentration and developing the powers of observation.

It is expected that the beneficial effects of the privileges now enjoyed by the schools through the opening of the McClymonds public library will speedily become apparent, as the pupils seem to be using the books with great freedom and in many cases with much intelligence. So far, among the more advanced grades, the department devoted to works of fiction is that most patronized, but experience in other libraries has shown that this tendency soon wears itself out and that eventually this younger class of readers is more apt to care for books of history, biography, travel, etc., than older patrons of the library who have spoiled their minds by over indulgence in novels and other forms of light reading. It is in the children's room that possibilities in the way of mind training and development are most apparent. Here it will be noticed that the books selected are much more apt to be about heroes of history, nature and the wonders of science, than the stories which are commonly supposed to appeal to small boys and girls. This is because the mind of a child naturally turns to the real rather than to the ideal. A youthful subscriber, asked one day this week what he had read during the day, replied that the history of the United States had occupied his attention; while another, aged 7, picked out the life of Andrew Jackson in the American statesmen series, and would have taken it home had not one of the library attendants advised him to make a selection better suited to his age. The importance of properly directing and encouraging the young idea in the general development of literary taste is easily seen, and to this end it is expected that the library and public schools will work together.

SCIO'S OIL BOOM.

Very Valuable Finds Have Been Made in Harrison County.

SPECULATORS ARE GALORE.

Every Available Foot of Land Leased by Them—Enterprising Merchants Meet With Disappointment in Securing Locations.

There is nothing mythical about the oil boom at and surrounding the village of Scio, which is situated on the W. & L. E. railway, about forty miles southeast of Massillon. Well after well has been sunk with most satisfactory results, and the oil produced is of an excellent quality. The percentage of dry holes is exceptionally small, so a speculator fortunate enough to secure a lease is destined to reap a golden harvest. While the boom has been in progress for months, the excitement is unabated, and visitors throng the village daily. There are hundreds attracted merely by their curiosity, but each train brings men of wealth who are desirous of speculation by almost any process to which the term can be applied. Scio is not blessed with up-to date stores, and there is an unparalleled opening for merchants in all branches, providing suitable store rooms could be secured. During the past few weeks, however, hundreds of merchants have visited Scio, but were met with the same discouraging condition.

There are no rooms, and not even a piece of land suitable for building purposes, but that is incumbered by a lease held by some oil speculator. The demand for location is more vividly pictured by the statement of a local clothier, who visited Scio with the intention of opening a branch establishment. A desirable room, he says, cannot be had at any price, because of their occupancy by merchants who have been in business for years. Small rooms which, previous to the striking of oil, rented for $8 or $10 per month, have advanced to from $500 to $700 per annum. Everything else has advanced in proportion, and board is especially high, much to the discomfort of the students attending the Scio college who are now compelled to pay from $3 to $5 per week additional. Residents have leased their back and front yards and ungainly derricks are everywhere. The faculty of the college has leased land for a sum, it is said, sufficiently large to pay an indebtedness which has long existed.

The finding of oil is not confined to the immediate neighborhood of Scio, for the territory is gradually becoming wider. A substantial strike has been made at Cadwallader, Tuscarawas county, and land is being leased rapidly. Experts claim that Cadwallader is one of the richest belts in the state. Prospectors are at work near Carrollton, Leesville and other places in Carroll county, and several test holes have been sunk with satisfactory results. Prospectors say they would not be surprised to develop one of the greatest oil producing territories in Ohio.

The good fortune which befell the village of Scio brings to one's mind the fact that there is oil underlying the land about Massillon. Only a few years ago a strike was made on the Welker farm, and thirty or forty barrels of oil of an excellent quality were taken out. The hole was inaccurately shot and destroyed. Massillon is in a fit condition to weather a boom of any kind, and the striking of a little gusher would start the mill. There is land about Massillon that could be leased at a reasonable rate, and within the corporation are a few lots upon which business blocks could be erected. It is predicted that when the oil boom does reach Massillon a new ground floor theatre will be erected and the Canton-Massillon Electric Railway Company will extend its line to Navarre.

Marvelous.

The results attained right here at home have been marvelous. Hundreds of your neighbors who have used Wright's Celery Capsules are now well. They cure kidney, liver and stomach trouble, constipation and sick headaches. Why pay $1 every two weeks for a bottle of medicine when you can get treatment at one cent a day, Wright's Celery Capsules give 100 days' treatment for $1. Easy to take, no bad taste, do not gripe, backed by a bank, to cure you, or refund your money. Sold by all druggists.

Don't fail to see the latest thing in collars. Just received a fresh lot of colored ones, two for 25c, at H. K. Ryder's, next to Hotel Conrad.

Wright's Celery Tea cures constipation, sick headaches, 25c at druggists

MASSILLON MILLS.

They Are Now Grinding Flour for the People of Europe.

BIG CONTRACTS RECEIVED.

Two-thirds of the Output of Flour in Massillon are Shipped Abroad—Something About Big Orders Now on Hand.

The mills of Warwick & Justus and M. Neal, of this city, are both grinding flour for Europe. Two hundred of the 300 barrels manufactured by Warwick & Justus each day are sent abroad, while three fifths of the output of the Neal mills, whose capacity is 200 barrels a day, find a ready market in Germany, England and Scotland. Only yesterday Mr. Neal received an order for 1,500 140-pound sacks for Bristol, England. A short time ago he was awarded a contract for 5,000 140-pound sacks for Liverpool and Glasgow. Mr. Neal has been shipping flour across the water for nearly two years. He obtained his foothold in England by correspondence. The points to which he ships most of his flour are Liverpool, Glasgow and Hamburg.

Warwick & Justus made their first shipment of flour to Europe in 1893, in which year a special representative of the company visited Great Britain and the continent. Since that time its foreign trade has steadily grown, and is still growing. During one year it shipped 60,000 barrels across the Atlantic. The heaviest buyers of Warwick & Justus's flour are located in Glasgow, Dundee, Leith, Newcastle, Liverpool and Belfast. Many complain because the wholesale price of flour in Massillon is $4.20. If they lived a few thousand miles east of here they would be asked to pay $5.50 for the same brand. The largest foreign order ever received by Warwick & Justus was for 6,500 140-pound sacks.

European buyers of flour are always in the market. Massillon sellers, as a general thing, are also. The Massillon manufacturers make the people across the water a quotation by a cipher cable code. This is either accepted or rejected. If accepted, the Massillon millers at once procure freight rates through to the European point. Usually they are obliged to pay twenty-five cents per hundred-weight. Every sack of flour that leaves Massillon is insured, and if loss is incurred from any cause while being carried from Massillon to Liverpool or any other European point, it must be made good by the insurance concern, which seldom has any connection with the railway or steamship company. Flour is always shipped across the ocean in sacks.

NOT VISIBLY WORRIED.

Anna C. George Never Surprises Her Friends.

The indictment for murder in the first degree returned by the grand jury against Mrs. Anna C. George, who now occupies a cell in the Stark county jail, has had no visible effect on the woman. Her composure is remarkable, and although plied with questions almost hourly she refuses to utter one sentence pertaining to the case. Since her incarceration she has talked to no one except her attorneys of the untimely death of George D. Saxton, and apparently is not worried about the future. Those who know her well say she has grown considerably grayer since her confinement, but she is ever cheerful and confident of acquittal.

TO UNITED STATES COURT

The W. & L. E. Railway Co. Would Remove a Case.

In the case of August Barckman against Myron T. Herrick and Robert Blickensderfer, receivers of the W. & L. E. railway, the defendants filed a petition in court asking permission to remove the case to the United States court. The petition is accompanied by a bond to secure all costs for the removal, and to indemnify the plaintiff for whatever costs he is subjected to. Barckman sued to recover damages for personal injuries.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your grocer today to show you a package of Grain O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult All who try it, like it. Grain-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. One-fourth the price of coffee. 15c. and 25c per package. Sold by all grocers.

"Itching hemorrhoids were the plague of my life. Was almost wild. Doan's Ointment cured me quickly and permanently, after doctors had failed." C. F. Cornwell, Valley Street, Saugerties, N. Y.

The smallest thing may exert the greatest influence. De Witt's Little Early Risers are unequalled for overcoming constipation and liver trouble. Small pill, best pill, safe pill. Rider & Snyder.

A PUBLIC INSTALLATION.

Enterprise Company Arranging to Have One Next Month.

Enterprise Company, No 73, Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias, elected officers as follows last evening: C. W. Zimmerman, captain: George Wagoner, first lieutenant: W. B. Martin, second lieutenant: H. V. Kramer, treasurer: G. W. Doll, recording secretary. The officers will be publically installed, the ceremonies being held at the Armory some time next month. Addresses will be delivered by prominent members of the order.

NOBODY WANTS IT.

The Good Citizenship Committee Has No Chairman.

AN IMPORTANT POSITION.

President Corey, of the City Union of Christian Endeavor Societies, Names Several, but All Decline to Serve.

The City Union of Christian Endeavor Societies has five committees, whose chairmen are appointed by the president of the union. The chairmen then name the other members of the committees. President Corey, who has just taken his seat, has given out four appointments, but he can find no one who will accept the fifth. The latter is the chairmanship of the good citizenship committee. It is the duty of this committee to suggest and carry out plans for remedying existing evils, such as failures to enforce the Sunday saloon closing law and the one prohibiting Sunday baseball.

A year or two ago, the good citizenship committee of this society fought against Sunday baseball and liquor selling. For a short time there were fewer violations, but a man who was a member of the committee at that time said that the main results of their efforts to have the laws enforced were dire threats against themselves, insults and, in some cases, injury to business.

"There is really little we can do," said President Charles Corey, Saturday. "The authorities alone can battle successfully with such evils."

The chairmen of the other committees are: Charles Ruth, prayer meeting: Herbert Ruth, social: Frank Hanna, lookout: Richard Hankins, press.

TO BE DEPENDED UPON.

Because it is the Experience of a Massillon Citizen and can Readily be Investigated.

Suppose you was an utter stranger in a large city and had completely lost your way, whose guidance would you place the most confidence in, a stranger lost like yourself or a resident's born and bred in the city? When a ship reaches the offing of a strange port, whose hand directs the tiller and brings her safe to port? A trusty pilot's or a greenhorn's? Whose opinions, experience and statements can the reader depend upon the more, those published from bona fide Massillon citizens or those originally drafted in every hole and corner of the Union, except our own Massillon and suburbs? Read this Massillon case: Mrs. John Shively, No. 194 E. Tremont St., says: "Since a little girl I was troubled with weak kidneys but did not mind it much till late years, for I grew a little worse as I grew older, my back aching a great part of the time with sharp pains flashing through the kidneys. At night while in my bed my limbs became cold and numb as if dead, and I could not keep them warm. In the daytime while moving about I was not troubled in this way. I saw a number of accounts in the papers that read so very encouragingly of Doan's Kidney Pills that I was induced to give them a trial and got a box at Baltzly's drug store in Erie St. I only took one box but I found them so very beneficial that I think it my duty to inform others of my improved condition and recommend a trial of them to all people who suffer with kidney disease. I have spoken well of them before and will continue to do so."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name Doan's, and take no substitute.

RUSSELL & CO.'S BOOM.

An Army of Men Now Engaged at the Plant.

A force of over six hundred men is now employed in the various departments of Russell & Co.'s plant. This is the largest number of hands engaged for several months, and the increase is due to the flattering outlook for excellent crops of wheat next fall. In anticipation of this, work in the separator department has been resumed, and seven hundred threshers and four hundred engines will be constructed to meet expected demands.

The company is already receiving orders for farm machinery and a prosperous year is undoubtedly forthcoming. The demand for Russell & Company's machinery through the West is increasing each year, and the same condition prevails in every locality where the machines are in use.

These are dangerous times for the health. Croup, colds and throat troubles lead rapidly to consumption. A bottle of One Minute Cough Cure used at the right time will preserve life, health and a large amount of money. Pleasant to take; children like it. Rider & Snyder.

A WAR INCIDENT.

How a Besieged Army Obtained Drinking Water—After a Rain Soldiers Went Down on their Hands and Knees and Drank Water in the Horses Hoof Tracks.

From the Press, Milroy, Ind.

One of the first to offer their services for the country in the Civil War, was A. R. Sefton, of Milroy, Rush County, Ind. He made a good record, and when the great difficulty was settled, was honorably discharged.

To-day Mr. Sefton is 56 years old, a prominent farmer, the head of a large family, and notwithstanding the ill effects of army life, is enjoying excellent health.

There was a period in Mr. Sefton's life during the war which makes an interesting story. He was a member of the 38th Ills. Infantry which was often to the front in close business. The life of every soldier is a hard one, and Mr. Sefton's case was no exception. "We were in Tennessee, penned in on all sides. Our rations were very scarce," said he, "and we had begun to go on 'quarter allowance.'

It was in the middle of August, the wells of the community were nearly all dry, and we were some distance from any stream, consequently we had great difficulty in getting water for cooking and drinking purposes. One night there came a hard rain, and the next day we were started on the march. The sun shone hot, and our plodding along was very tiresome and oppressive. Every one of us had only a little water to drink, and as the rain was not enough to replenish the wells or streams, our canteens went empty. We were hurried on, and the only way to quench our thirst was to go down on our hands and knees and drink from the hoof tracks made by the horses. Of course the water was muddy and very filthy, but it was a case of this or die from thirst.

"Some of us were taken sick from the effects of this, and I was one of them. I was laid up for several weeks in a field hospital from fever. Many times afterward I became afflicted with different ailments. My kidneys and stomach gave me considerable trouble. I managed to pull through to the end of the war, regardless of much suffering and illness.

"From that time I was always afflicted more or less. My doctor said I had kidney and stomach trouble and my heart was also affected. As the years went by it seemed that I was growing gradually worse and my physician could do nothing to restore my lost health. Every year during the fall I would have a severe attack, lasting two or three months.

"About four years ago I became much worse. Our family doctor seemed puzzled over my case and it began to look as if the best I was to hope for was recovery, and that the termination was slow.

"Last November I was advised to try Dr. Williams Pink Pills for Pale People. The physician said that although they were an excellent medicine, they could do no good in my case, as my trouble was of too chronic and deep-seated a nature. But I am glad I did, for I began getting better almost at once. Eight boxes, as directed, made a complete cure. I continued the use of the pills about two months longer, and have not been troubled with any ailments since.

The success of Dr. Williams Pink Pills for Pale People in my case, after so many cases of disease due to poverty of the blood, had been pronounced incurable, leads me to recommend them as remedies of unusual merit.

Those who are in need of a blood purifier, nerve tonic or anything which will build up the shattered system, should send at once for the pink pills. They are sold by druggists everywhere, and I am sure that no one who is suffering as I was will neglect this way to restore health. Persons ordering from druggists should be sure they get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, as there are many imitations of the pills, and some druggists, for the sake of the larger profit they make on the imitations, will recommend them as just as good as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. The genuine pills are never sold in bulk or by the hundred, and bear the full name, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, on the wrapper around each box. If in doubt, send direct to Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y., and pills will be sent by mail at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50.

INDEPENDENT WANT COLUMNS

Articles lost and found, houses to let or desired, help wanted, situations wanted, real estate bulletins and kindred announcements are more certain to produce results if advertised under this head than by any other means. Copy must be left not later than 10 a. m. to insure insertion the same day. Six publications of not more than 4 printed lines for 25 cents

FOR RENT

FOUR ROOMS with good lot and well, city and cistern water in kitchen; good cellar; rent reasonable Inquire of Miss E. E. Reeves, 51 South Mill street.

FOUR roomed house at 69 Railroad street. Call at 73 Railroad street.

FIVE roomed house on State street, two houses west of State street school. Inquire at C. Warth & Bros. grocery.

FIVE room dwelling on Akron street with about two acres of ground. Possession given at once Inquire of L. A. Koons at City Wall Paper and Paint store, 6 N. Erie St

HOUSE at 39 Kent street; a comfortable house with well cultivated garden and an abundance of desirable fruit. For further particulars please call at 5 E. Tremont street. Mrs. E. H. Seeley.

HALF of double house, with six rooms, centrally located. Inquire of C. O. Merwin, 79 E. Oak St.

SALOON—The Major saloon and restaurant on Exchange street; fixtures and furniture complete or will sell fixtures and rent building. Inquire at City Wall Paper and Paint Store, 6 North Erie street.

SEVEN roomed house at 332 South Erie street, cistern and city water. Inquire at 242 East Main St., city.

TWO $6.00 houses on West Main street. G. G. Paul's Insusance office, No. 8 South Erie street.

TWO neatly furnished rooms, located near the W. & L. E. yards. Inquire of Mrs M. G. Coleman, 28 Edwin street.

WANTED.

AGENTS—To sell tea, coffee, spices and baking powder to families; liberal commissions allowed. Address Grand Union Tea Co., 1405 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg, Pa

SITUATION as engineer; six years experience; good reference. Call or address Engineer, 12 Brown Ave., Massillon, Ohio.

FOUND.

PURSE containing a small amount of money. Owner can have same by calling on M. A. Stern, rear of 71 Third street and paying for this ad.

FOR SALE.

A desirable nine roomed house located at No. 26 Center street. Inquire of Mrs. Harmon Shaidnagle at premises. The property includes a good barn.

BUILDING 16x 8 feet. Weatherboarded outside and the interior is partly plastered; ceiling 10 feet. Apply at once. H. H. Everhard.

BRICK residence of 7 rooms, located on Navarre square. Terms easy. Inquire of or address Matt Clemens, Navarre, O

ENGINE A good traction engine, 13-horse power in good running order; also a good water tank and buz saw This rig will be sold at a bargain Call on or address James Buttermore, North Lawrence, O.

FARM—I will offer at public sale, Feb. 15, the John A. Black farm, consisting of 80 acres, two miles East of Massillon. Good buildings, excellent water, orchard, etc. Chas. K. Smith, administrator.

FIVE roomed house, good barn and one-half acre of land, located on North Mill street. Inquire at 21 West Main street.

GOLD AND SILVER will be yours, if you invest at once in

The Ni Wot Mining Co. at ..... 30c a share
The Eureka Mining Co at..... 20c a share
The Globe Hill Globe Mining Co 5c a share
The Whitehorn Mines Co..... 1½c a share

For further particulars address.
Will H. Seabl, Navarre, O.

PROPERTY—The James Barliss property in East Main street. Inquire of E. G. Willison, administrator.

SEVEN roomed house; lot 54 ft. by 230 ft. Gas, city water and sewer; located at 225 East Main street. Inquire of Mrs. Michael Kister at premises.

TWO two-horse wagons, ice tongs, plow, mattocks, and a lot of tools. Inquire of L. A. Koons at City wall paper and paint store, 6 North Erie street.

LOST.

MONEY—A five dollar bill either in Frank's shoe store, Heckert's fruit store or in one of the city cars. Finder will please return to this office and receive a reward.

WANTED.

GIRL—A girl for general house work Address Sam Persley, North Lawrence, O.

THE SMITH PREMIER TYPEWRITER.

The Mightiest Writers

Are those who do the actual work in the vast correspondence of a nation. In this work one

Smith Premier Typewriter

Is equal to scores of pens. The Pen has given place to the Modern Writer, The Smith Premier, the machine typical of progress, the acknowledged

LEADER IN IMPROVEMENTS.

Send for Catalogue.

The Smith Premier Typewriter Co.

348 Superior St., Cleveland, O.

Canton Actual Busines College, Local Agts'

OPERATORS AND MINERS.

Several From Massillon on the Wage Scale Committee.

Several Massillon district operators and miners are among the Ohio members of the wage scale committee at the joint interstate convention now in session in Pittsburg. The entire list of Ohio members is as follows.

Operators—J. B. Zerbe, H. L. Chapman, N. C. Gray, W. R. Woodford; alternates, J. F. Pocock, George H. Smith, M. Andrews, C. W. Trott.

Miners—T. L. Lewis, W. H. Crawford, W. H. Haskins and John J. Mossop, alternates, E. S. McCullough, E. A. Sullivan, Michael Collins, H. A. Lanning.

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup seems especially adapted to the needs of the children. Pleasant to take; soothing in its influence; it is the remedy of all remedies for every form of throat and lung disease.

GOING TO SUE THE ELKS.

Allen O. Myers, the Notorious Democratic Politician, Wants Damages.

A Washington dispatch says that Allen O. Myers, of Columbus, well known in political and secret society circles, is in that city gathering testimony and documents which he will use in a sensational suit against the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. The order expelled him about two years ago and Myers alleges that this ruined his properties in the order. He will ask $50,000 damages. He says the order is now using a ritual which he wrote, and for which he received no pay. For this he will specify $5,000 damages.

Colored collars—latest fad—colored collars, at H. K. Ryder's, next to Hotel Conrad.

A lazy liver makes a lazy man. Burdock Blood Bitters is the natural, never failing remedy for a lazy liver.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Alvin Hill, freight clerk at the C. L. & W. station is confined to his home with the grip.

Silas H Kilgore of near Portland, Ore., is visiting his cousin Mrs Olive A. Poe, in Wissman avenue.

Dr Jesse Gardner and Mrs. Gardner will leave tomorrow for Cleveland, where they will reside in the future

Thomas Fenton, Pennsylvania section foreman, was taken ill while on duty Saturday He will not be able to return to work for some time.

Robert B Lewis, of New York, has been appointed assistant inspector of ordnance, and assigned to duty at the Morgan engineering works at Alliance.

Medina comes forward with the claim that S H Bradley, of that place, is the oldest Odd Fellow in the state. He is 88 years old, and joined the society in 1842

Mr. and Mrs J W McClymonds and family are now at the Hotel Quirinale in Rome They expect to spend the remainder of the winter in Italy and southern France.

Cards are out for a reception to be given by Mr and Mrs Isaac Conard, the Misses Russell and Miss Ware, Friday evening, January 27, at the Russell residence No 474 East Main street

The banns of Miss Catherine McBride and Peter E Harrington will be announced in St Joseph's church on Sunday morning The wedding will take place at 8:30 o'clock on February 7

Miss Daisy Cecil was completely surprised by thirty of her friends at her home on Richville avenue, on Friday evening Various games were played until half past eleven, when a delicious lunch eon was served

Albert Brown, of Lorain, while temporarily insane, escaped from his home Thursday night, and was found a short time afterward lying on the sidewalk with his throat cut. He was suffering from an attack of the grip.

The Rev B F Schillinger, of Canal Fulton, and the Rev O. W Webber, of Massillon, are in the city in the interest of the Evangelical Lutheran church, with a view to establishing a church of that denomination in this city.—Lorain Herald

G F, Smith, a Pennsylvania railway brakeman who passes through Massillon every day and is well known here, had his left hand crushed at Loudonville. He was making a coupling. Smith returned to Crestline to have his injuries dressed

Each day brings additional cases of grip, and it is especially prevalent among the men employed in Russell & Co.'s works. During the week just past seventy-five of the Russell employes suffering from the disease were compelled to leave off work.

John C Welty, of Canton, owner of Pilot Boy 2 09¼, and a large stable of other fast horses, announces that he will dispose of all his track stock because he has not the time to look after it. Pilot Boy goes in the Fasig February sale at Madison Square Garden.

The trustees of the Columbus state hospital have requested the resignation of Steward Urban H. Hester, as the result of an investigation following complaints made by Superintendent E G Carpenter Hester has complied, and will vacate the office March 16

At the recent convention of the Ohio Association of the Infirmary Directors, held at the Great Southern Hotel, Columbus Infirmary Director Henry Bixler, of the Stark county infirmary was made a life member by unanimous vote, this being his last year of active service with the association

A partnership appraisement has been ordered in the firm of Wilhelm & Mausz, of Massillon The appraisers appointed are G. L Albrecht, Joseph Schneider and Tobias Schott A distributive account has been filed in the trusteeship in the estate of Daniel Kaylor, of Sugar Creek township.

At the last meeting of the Canton city council the committee on ordinances reported favorably for a curfew ordinance This was due to the efforts of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union The city solicitor has been instructed to draw up such an ordinance and it will be submitted to the council at its next meeting.

Two valuable gifts have been received this week by the McClymond's public library. "Messages and Papers of the President" in ten volumes was presented by the Hon George Wilhelm of Justus, and "The Publications of the Ohio Archaeological and Historical Society" in six volumes, by the Hon. S. J. Williams, of Alliance.

The concert to be given by the Military band, on January 24, at the Armory, will be the third and last of the series. The band is rehearsing regularly. The programme will be better than that of any of the preceding concerts, and will include a cornet duet by the Messrs. Eisenbrei, and a clarinet solo by Prof. Puegner.

S. W. Goudy has been in Dalton for a week, and he has the ears of the people there ringing with railway talk. Mr. Goudy has not succeeded in getting every foot of right of way in and about Dalton, though he has much of it. There are a few who will grant nothing until the company is organized and all is in readiness for the construction of the road.

One of the pleasant incidents of a dinner given at the White House on Friday night in honor of the young women from Stark county now visiting there, was the announcement of the engagement of Miss Clara Shields, of Canton, to C. R. Schultz, of New York. Mr. Schultz, went to Washington as the guest of President and Mrs McKinley for this event.

The Brightman Manufacturing Company, of Millersburg, O., will this week ship four cars of shafting machinery to Sweden, sixty tons in all. The same company has recently shipped three car loads of polished shafting to England, one car load to Norway, and one to Denmark, and in order to keep up with their orders are building a 60x120 feet addition to their plant.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Strobel arrived in Massillon yesterday afternoon, and are now the guests of the latter's mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Wiseman, in East South street. Mr. and Mrs. Strobel have been residents of Bakersfield, Cal., for more than eight years, in fact, ever since they left Massillon. They have returned to this city to remain. Mr. Strobel was connected with the force of postoffice employes at Bakersfield.

The postal department at Washington has ruled that a writer has a right to regain possession of his letter, providing he can prove to the satisfaction of the postmaster at the office from which it was sent that he was the writer of it Even if a letter has arrived at its destination and before it has been delivered to the person to whom it has been addressed it may be recalled by a telegram through the mailing office The reason assigned is that the United States is only the agent of the writer of the letter in transit.

The February meeting of the Stark County Horticultural Society will be held in the assembly room of the city hall in Canton, at which time business of much importance to the organization will be transacted. A movement is on foot looking to the establishment of township societies as branches of the county society, the subordinate societies to elect officers and hold monthly meetings. In case this plan is carried out, the county society will meet but four times a year. The principal question for discussion at the next meeting will be "Does it pay to raise small fruits or berries at the prices they have commanded during the past two years?"

THE INDEPENDENT is in receipt of the Milford (Neb) Nebraskan, containing an announcement of the death of Gassendi Stump, which occurred December 12, 1898. Mr. Stump was a native of this county, having been born in Richville, and was 48 years of age. He leaves a wife and three children. During his residence in Milford, since 1888, he was prominently identified with the interests of that community, having served as trustee and member of the school board, and was largely instrumental in the building of the water works and establishment of a public library. Mr Stump was a member of the Masonic fraternity, and his funeral was conducted by that order.

Paul Perry, of Columbus, Ga., suffered agony for thirty years, and then cured his Piles by using De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve. It heals injuries and skin diseases like magic. Rider & Snyder.

OBITUARY NOTICE.

MRS. CHARLOTTE STONER.

Mrs. Charlotte Stoner, aged 66 years, the wife of Henry Stoner, died at her home near Pigeon Run on Friday morning. The funeral will be held on Monday morning at 10 o'clock. Interment will be made in the Massillon cemetery.

BELLA ORLEAN HOSE.

Diphtheria caused the death of Bella Orlean Hose, aged 6 years, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Hose, of 231 Akron street, at 8 o'clock Thursday evening. The funeral will take place at 10 o'clock Saturday morning. A sister of the deceased, Eva, aged 11 years, is ill with the disease.

MRS. KATHARINE BRANNAN.

John F. Brannan, of this city, has been called to North Lawrence by the death of his mother, Mrs. Katharine Brannan, who died of lung fever on Thursday. The funeral will take place on Saturday morning, services being held in the Catholic church at Canal Fulton at 10 o'clock. Mrs. Brannan leaves a husband and eleven children. She was a daughter of Mrs. John Daugherty, of North Lawrence.

MRS EVA MROSS.

The death of Mrs. Eva Mross, whose home is near the Riverside schoolhouse, North of the city, occurred Thursday night. She was 64 years of age, and leaves a husband and several children. Services will be held at the residence at 1.30 o'clock Sunday afternoon and at St Paul's Lutheran church an hour later.

CATHARINE HECKATHORN.

Catharine Heckathorn, aged 6 months, and daughter of Mr and Mrs William Heckathorn, died Wednesday night of pneumonia. The funeral will be held from the house in East Tremont street at 2 p. m tomorrow, the Rev J. E. Digel officiating

MRS. BARBARA MINGLE.

Mrs. Barbara Mingle, aged 75 years, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Mingle, near Richville, Wednesday afternoon, of softening of the brain. The funeral will take place on Friday.

BENJAMIN KERSTETTER.

Benjamin Kerstetter, aged 49 years and unmarried, died at 12 o'clock today at the Hotel Conrad. On last Friday Mr. Kerstetter was taken with a fainting spell in Graze & Sonnbalter's grocery and was taken to the hotel. He never rallied. The deceased was a brother of David Kerstetter and resided in Massillon. Arrangements for the funeral have not yet been completed.

PAPER MILLS COMBINE.

Controlled by a Company With a Capital Stock of $42,000,000.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 21.—John A. Shibley, representing Lee, Higginson & Company and other Boston bankers, left for the East tonight, after securing options on the writing paper mills in the Miami valley between here and Dayton. The mills go into a trust formed in Massachusetts with $42,000,000 in capital stock. It is thought the Harding mills at Franklin, the Friend mills at West Carrollton and the Aetna mills at Dayton will be included in the combine that will absorb forty writing paper mills in this country. The Warren mills will be appraised next week. Shibley secured options on mills in Wisconsin and Michigan before he visited the Miami valley.

DROPPED DEAD IN THE STREET.

A Prominent Cincinnati Woman Dies from a Stroke of Paralysis.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 21.—Mrs. Robert T. Carew, wife of Robert Carew, of the firm of Mabley & Carew, was stricken with paralysis while on the street this afternoon, and died almost instantly.

La Grippe is again epidemic. Every precaution should be taken to avoid it. Its specific cure is One Minute Cough Cure. A. J. Sheperd, publisher of the Agricultural Journal and Advertiser, Elden, Mo., says, "No one will be disappointed in using One Minute Cough Cure for La Grippe" Pleasant to take, quick to act. Rider & Snyder.

Coughing injures and inflames sore lungs. One Minute Cough Cure loosens the cold, allays coughing and heals quickly. The best cough cure for children. Rider & Snyder.

TO BRING BACK THE DEAD.

A Transport Will be Fitted Out at New York for that Purpose.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

SAVANNAH, Jan. 21.—Word was received by Col. Bellinger yesterday that the transport Roumanian would not come back to Savannah from her present trip to Mantanzas. Instead she is to go to New York where she will be equipped as a transport for the dead. Taking with her a large force of undertakers, helpers, coffins and other supplies for that purpose, the Roumanian will go to Santiago. There the bodies of the American soldiers who died from fever or fell in the battles that preceded the capitulation of the city will be disinterred and prepared for removal on the transport to this country. The Roumanian, it is understood, will go to New York from Santiago, the bodies being distributed from there to relatives and friends throughout the country.

AN ENGINEER KILLED.

Two Cars Thrown Down An Embankment on the Erie.

[By Associated Press to the Independent]

SUSQUEHANNA, Pa. Jan. 21.—A wreck occurred at the great bend near here today. An express train on the Erie road was thrown from the track by the spreading of the rails on the curve and two cars went down a twenty five foot embankment. Engineer John J. Felix was crushed to death, and Fireman T. J. Smith, of Hornellsville, was badly injured. All passengers escaped injury.

AN OHIO MAN GETS A JOB.

General Kennedy will Serve on a New Commission.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

BELLEFONTAINE, Jan. 21.—General Robert P. Kennedy returned from Washington today, after a conference with President McKinley and Senator Hanna. The President tendered General Kennedy a position as member of the new commission in the war department, at a salary of $5,000 a year. The appointment is agreeable to Secretary Alger. It is stated that ex Governor Hastings, of Pennsylvania, is to have the position in the bureau of American republics made vacant by the death of Joseph P. Smith. General Kennedy was once an applicant for the same position.

Notice.

Your dead live again and would return to cheer and help would you but open the way. For instruction on spirit return subscribe for the Light of Truth, published weekly at Columbus, O. Christians and Spiritualists alike pronounce it the best journal in the world for the money. Price, $1 per year.

MASSILLON & CLEVELAND RAILROAD COMPANY
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY AND TREASURER.
MASSILLON, O, January 2 1899

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company for the election of directors, and the transaction of any other business that may come before the meeting, will be held at the general office of the company in the Massillon Savings and Banking Company, in the city of Massillon, O., on Tuesday, the 7th day of February, 1899.

JOHN J. HALEY, Secretary.

Colored collars, the latest novelties, at Ryder's.

A MAMMOTH EXPOSITION

To Celebrate the Bi-Centenary of the Founding of Detroit.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

DETROIT, Jan 21.—Four hundred representative citizens met in the chamber of commerce this evening and laid the foundation for a proposed bi centenary celebration of the founding of Detroit, combined with a mammoth exposition, inaugurated on novel and extensive plans

A FIRE AT SCIO.

One Oil Derrick and Two Barns are Destroyed.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

CANTON, Jan 21.—A special from Uhrichsville says that the story of a serious fire in the new oil field of which Scio is the center, was greatly exaggerated. A derrick and two barns have been burned and oil is still burning, but no serious conflagration is apprehended.

NOTHING BUT FACTS.

No Deception Used in Talking About Morrow's Kid-ne-oids.

The Arguments in Their Favor Come from Those Who Have Tested Their Merits.

There is no deception in anything we publish about Morrow's Kid-ne-oids. All of our statements are facts and are from people right here in Massillon. People in all walks of life are using and recommending Kid ne-oids because they cure backache, nervousness, sleeplessness and general debility in cases where other remedies have failed

Mrs Lena Sturgis, residing at 54 West Main street, says: "I suffered with kidney backache for nearly two years previous to using Morrow's Kid-ne-oids There was a dull, bearing down pain in the region of my kidneys at times and at other times the pain was quite sharp and severe Hearing so much about Morrow's Kid-ne-oids relieving people of backache and other symptoms of kidney and bladder trouble I concluded to get a package at Seaman's drug store and give them a trial. A trial was sufficient to convince me of their wonderful curative properties; the package I procured relieving me completely of kidney backache and I have not had the least symptom of backache since.

I shall certainly recommend Morrow's Kid-ne-oids to all who are suffering from this distressing complaint"

Morrow's Kid-ne oids are a great nerve tonic which acts on the nerves by restoring them to their normal condition without artificial means. We warrant the remedy to do all we claim if used as we direct.

Morrow's Kid-ne oids are yellow tablets (not pills) and are put up in wooden boxes which contain enough for about two weeks' treatment and sell at 50c a box at Seaman's drug store. The manufacturer will mail a descriptive booklet upon request. John Morrow & Co., Chemists, Springfield, O.

S A Fr... Micanopy (Fla) Hustler, with his wife and children, suffered terribly from the grip One Minute Cough Cure was the only remedy that helped them It acted quickly Thousands of others use this remedy as a specific for the grip, and its exhausting after effects Rider & Snyder.

The Massillon Market.

The following prices are paid by Massillon merchants today.

GRAIN, HAY AND STRAW.	
Wheat	70
Hay, per ton	6 00 to 7 00
Straw, per ton	4 50
Corn	32
Oats	25
Clover Seed	3 50-4 00
Timothy Seed	1 00 to 1 15
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.	
Potatoes, per bushel	35
Onions, per bushel	65
Beets, per bushel	40
Apples	1 00
Cabbage, per dozen	60
BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY.	
Butter	18
Eggs	18
Chickens, live	06
Chickens, dressed	09
Turkeys, live	08
Turkeys, dressed	11
MEATS.	
Sausage	07
Spare Ribs	06
Backbone	05
Ham	09
Shoulder	05
Lard	05½

NEW YORK, Jan. 21.—The market continued strong on the opening, being influenced by good buying orders and also by the formidable bank statement Some hesitation, however, is noticeable, as the market shows signs of being over bought, The grangers are still popular, yet it might be well to operate a little cautious. The close was unsettled Money 2½ per cent.

BANK STATEMENT.

Reserve increased	$ 6,430,600
Loans increased	3,505,600
Specie increased	8,688,600
Deposits increased	13 268,400
Circulation decreased	168,800

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest	Close.
American Sugar	133	133¼	131⅝	131⅝
American Tobacco	147½	147¼	146	146½
Atchison (Pfd.)	61	62¼	60⅞	62⅛
C. & Q.	139	139½	138¾	139
Chicago Gas	112¾	112⅜	111⅛	111⅛
Louisville & Nashville	67¾	67⅞	67⅜	67¾
Manhattan	117¼	117½	115	115⅝
Missouri Pacific	47½	47⅝	46⅝	47¼
New York Central	134	140	134	137⅞
Rock Island	121¼	121¼	120½	120¾
St. Paul	129	129	128¼	128⅜
Western Union	96½	95⅞	95⅛	95½

CHICAGO, Jan. 21.—Wheat continued dull, range of prices being only ¼. All interests seem to be absorbed in the stock market. Liverpool ¼ pence higher.

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest	Close.
Wheat				
May	70⅝	70¾	70½	70¾
July	68½	68¾	68⅛	68⅜
Corn.				
May	36⅞	37⅛	36⅞	37
July	37¼	37⅜	37¼	37⅜
Oats.				
May	27⅜	27⅝	27⅜	27⅝
July	26¼	26¼	26⅛	26⅛
Pork.				
May	10 25	10 27	10 20	10 22
Lard				
May	5 82	5 85	5 82	5 82

TOLEDO, Jan. 21.—[By Associated Press]—Wheat 71¼

To insure a happy new year, keep the liver clear and the body vigorous by using DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills for constipation and liver troubles. Rider & Snyder.

Subscribe for THE INDEPENDENT

DR. MOTT'S NERVE AND BRAIN PILLS

BEFORE AND AFTER USING. The great remedy for nervous prostration and all nervous diseases, the generative organs of either sex, such as Nervous Prostration, Impotency, Lost Manhood, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Youthful Errors, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco or Opium which lead to consumption and Insanity. With every $5 order we give a written guarantee to cure, or refund the money. Sold at $1.00 per box 6 boxes for $5.00. CALCO, Cleveland, Ohio

For sale by Z. T. Baltzly, Druggist, Opera Block, Massillon.

Haven't Had Time to Change This Ad.

Our attention has been wholly devoted to the rush of people that has thronged the store since our Clearance Sale began. Don't wait, or delay your coming—what's here today may be gone tomorrow. Additional bargains added daily

Those Jobs in Dress Goods at 15c, 19c and 43c are more than pleasing the people. It seems everyone wants one dress or more.

Don't forget our Jobs in Underwear. At the rate they are going the lines will soon be broken.

The Tremendous Slaughter in our Cloak Department is moving them with lightning rapidity.

Crone's Dry Goods Store, Next-to-the-Canal, Massillon.

Kenny Bros'. Inventory Clearance Sale!

All former price records are simply wiped out of existence. A golden harvest for economical women. Let your eye travel over the list below and see for yourself what a great treat awaits all Massillon and Stark County Ladies who will attend this sale—WHAT IS A BARGAIN?—not something merely cheap, not something you don't want, but something of real value and utility at a price below actual worth. Trade with the BIG STORE any length of time and you'll discover the secret of our success.

Inventory Clearance Sale of All
DRESS GOODS.
Both Black and Colored.

A stupendous clearing of all Novelty Goods Plain Goods, Rough and Smooth Goods of Checks Plaids, also Black Goods Plain and Fancy
One lot Plain and Fancy Weaves, also Plaids value up to 15c yd for ... 9c
One lot 40 in Rough Effects, actually worth 25c this sale ... 12½c
One lot Fancy Flannels also 54 in Ladies Cloths 50c quality, for ... 39c
One lot $1 00 Novelties reduced to ... 75c
50 pieces Plain Weaves, Plaids Novelties, been selling up to 50c for ... 25c
All Remnants one-half their original price
100 pcs Black Goods go into this sale
CLEARANCE SALE.

Inventory Clearance Sale
LINENS THIS WEEK

Good Cotton Crash, per yard	2½c
Good Linen Crash per yd	5c
Turkey Red Damask per yd	12½c
60 in. Turkey Red Damask, per yd	19c
58 in. Bleached Damask, per yd	28c
54 in Cream Damask, per yd	22c
60 in. Silver Bleached Damask, per yd.	59c
22 in Napkins, per doz	98c
Bed Spreads (white)	45c
8-4 Turkey Red Covers	69c
45 in. Honey Comb Towels	15c pr
45 in. Bath Towels	10c pc
12-4 Satin Quilts, only	$1 98

Big lot of Remnants, Linen and Crash. See our line of Stamped Linens, Doilies etc.
We Always Undersell.

Inventory Clearance Sale of All
CARPETS
We hope to out do any sale of this kind ever held in Canton
We offer this week 25 styles of the best makes of 2-ply, all wool Ingrain Carpets, including Hartfords and Lowells, which retail everywhere at 65c and 75c, for ... 42½c
Also best grade Body Brussels, 2 styles, selling everywhere at $1.25, our price this week .75c
5 styles 8 wire Japs, been retailing at 75c and 85c, your choice for ... 50c
No such values ever offered in Stark County before. Just ask your own merchant what these goods are worth; don't take our say so, but come and see
Come to Headquarters.

Closing Out Sale of All
JACKETS.
Such Prices for Jackets, Suits, Furs and ready-made Skirts for the money were never known before. Compare our garments with others. Compare prices too, and judge for yourself.
We offer this week, all Ladies' Coats, been selling at $4 00, $4.50 and $5.00, your choice at ... $2 98 and $3 98
All Cloaks been selling at $8 00 to $9 00 your choice for ... $6.18
All Cloaks been selling at $10, $12 to $15 your choice for ... $7.98
One lot Children's Jackets, choice ... 98c
Only a few Collaretts left.
Special Discount on Suits and Skirts.

Inventory Clearance Sale of all
DOMESTICS.

36 inch Brown Sheetings, per yd	3½c
36 inch Bleached (extra) Hill's, per yd	5c
9-4 Brown Sheetings, 15c value	10c
Wide Indigo Blues, per yd	6¼c
Cotton Elderdown	10c
Good Tickings	6¼c, 8c and 10. yd
New Shirtings	5c, 6c, 8c and 10c. yd
Best Light Calicoes, per yd	3½c
All Best Standard Prints	4c yd
Best Carpet Warps	15 and 17c lb
Best 5-4 Table Oil Cloth	10c yd
2-bushel Grain Bags	15c
32 inch 10c Satines, only	7c yd
36 inch 10c Percale, only	6c yd
8c Russian Dress Goods	5c

Many Other Good Values.

Every Article in the Big Store is Marked in Plain Figures. - - - - Kenny Bros.' Store for the People, Canton.

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